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14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
15	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
16	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION		
17	MACLAIN MULLINS, Individually and ) Case No. on Behalf of All Others Similarly Situated, )		
18	Plaintiff,  ) CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR:		
19	v. ) (1) NEGLIGENT ) MISREPRESENTATION;		
20	BIG HEART PET BRANDS, INC., a ) (2) VIOLATIONS OF THE Delaware corporation, ) CALIFORNIA CONSUMER LEGAL		
21	) REMEDIES ACT; ) (3) VIOLATIONS OF THE		
22	Defendant. ) ČÁLIFORNIA FALSE ADVERTISING ) LAW;		
23	) (4) VÍOLATIONS OF THE ) CALIFORNIA UNFAIR COMPETITION	1	
24	) LAW; ) (5) BREACH OF EXPRESS		
25	) WARRANTY; AND (6) BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANT	Y	
26	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Maclain Mullins ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of all

1 2 others similarly situated, by and through his undersigned attorneys, bring this Class Action 3 Complaint against defendant Big Heart Pet Brands, Inc. ("Defendant"), to cause Defendant to disclose its pet food sold throughout the United States is adulterated and contains 4 5 pentobarbital and to restore monies to the consumers and businesses who purchased the Contaminated Dog Foods (as defined herein) during the time that Defendant failed to make 6 such disclosures. Plaintiff alleges the following based upon personal knowledge as well as 7 8 investigation by his counsel and as to all other matters, upon information and belief 9

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(Plaintiff believes that substantial evidentiary support will exist for the allegations set forth herein after a reasonable opportunity for discovery).

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# DEFENDANT'S CONTAMINATED DOG FOOD CONTAINS RBITAL, A SUBSTANCE LARGELY USED TO EUTHANIZE ANIMALS

2. Defendant manufactures, markets, advertises, labels, distributes, and sells Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy with Beef Chunks, Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy with T-Bone Flavor Chunks, Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy with Chicken Chunks, Gravy Train Strips in Gravy Beef Strips and Gravy Train With Lamb & Rice Chunks (the "Contaminated Dog Foods"). The Contaminated Dog Foods contain pentobarbital, a barbiturate drug used as a sedative and anesthetic for animals. Pentobarbital is now most commonly used to euthanizing dogs and cats.<sup>2</sup>

Discovery may reveal additional products that also contain Pentobarbital and Plaintiff reserves their right to include any such products in this action.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Petplace, "Penobarbital for Dogs and Cats, July 16, 2015, https://www.petplace.com/article/druglibrary/drug-library/library/pentobarbital-for-dogs-and-cats/

3. Pentobarbital is a Class II controlled substance and there is no safe or set level for pentobarbital in pet food. If it is present, the food is adulterated.<sup>3</sup> The ingestion of pentobarbital by your pet can lead to adverse health issues, including:

- tyalism (salivation)
- Emesis (vomiting)
- Stool changes (soft to liquid stools, blood, mucus, urgency, explosive nature, etc.)
- Hyporexia (decreased appetite)
- Lethargy/depression
- Neurologic abnormalities (tremor, seizure, vocalization, unusual eye movements)
- Ataxia (difficulty walking)
- Collapse
- Coma
- Death<sup>4</sup>

4. Despite laws governing pet foods and providing government oversight, the FDA has stated that "[p]et food manufacturers are responsible for taking appropriate steps to ensure that the food they produce is safe for consumption and properly labeled including verifying the identity and safety of the ingredients from suppliers.<sup>5</sup> "It is not acceptable to use animals euthanized with a chemical substance in pet or other animal foods...The detection of pentobarbital in pet food renders the product adulterated. It is the responsibly of the manufacturer to take the appropriate steps to ensure that the food they produce is safe for consumption and properly labeled."

<sup>22</sup> http://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/SafetyHealth/ProductSafetyInformation/ucm5443 48.htm

 $_{28}$  |  $^{6}$  *Id*.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The Honest Kitchen, "Pentobarbital- What Is It, How it Entered the Pet Food Supply Chain, and what You Can Do To Protect Your Canines & Felines," March 1, 2017, https://www.thehonestkitchen.com/blog/pentobarbital-entered-pet-food-supply-chain-can-protect-pet/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>https://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/SafetyHealth/ProductSafetyInformation/ucm544 348.htm (last visited Feb. 5, 2018)

<sup>7</sup> *Id*.

- 5. Pentobarbital residue from euthanized animals will continue to be present in pet food, even if it is rendered or canned at high temperature or pressure.<sup>7</sup>
- 6. Pentobarbital is routinely used to euthanize animals, and the most likely way it could get into dog food would be in rendered animal products. Rendered products come from a process that converts animal tissues to feed ingredients, including tissues from animals that have been euthanized, decomposed or were diseased. Pentobarbital from euthanized animals survives the rendering process and could be present in the rendered feed ingredients used in pet food. The FDA's testing of dry dog food confirmed some samples contained pentobarbital. The FDA concluded that pentobarbital was entering pet foods from euthanized, rendered cattle or horses because of the lack of dog and cat DNA.
- 7. Despite its findings, the FDA has not aggressively taken action under FDCA, § 342 (a)(1) or (5), against the pet food companies that it found to have used non-slaughtered animals and contain pentobarbital in their pet foods. Therefore, manufacturers in the pet food industry, including Defendant, have continued their illegal practice of using non-slaughtered animals that may contain poisonous substances, like pentobarbital, in their pet foods. BIt is not acceptable to use animals euthanized with a chemical substance in pet food, and the detection of pentobarbital in pet food renders the product adulterated.
- 8. Here, it has been revealed that Defendant is also knowingly, recklessly and/or negligently selling contaminated dog food containing pentobarbital, a substance largely used to euthanize animals.
- 9. On February 8, 2018, it was reported on WJLA that an independent investigation determined that the Contaminated Dog Foods contained pentobarbital. The independent investigation utilized two independent labs and both showed the inclusion of pentobarbital the Contaminated Dog Foods.

- 10. Defendant knew the real risk that pentobarbital may appear in the Contaminated Dog Foods if the manufacturing and sourcing were not properly monitored. Indeed, this is not the first time that the Gravy Train line of food has been determined to include pentobarbital: "Back in 2001, analyses by the FDA found residue of the sedative in popular brands like Nutro, Gravy Train and Kibbles 'n Bits."
- 11. Consumers have increasingly become more aware and cautious about the products they purchase.
- 12. Additionally, Defendant knew that a consumer would be feeding the Contaminated Dog Foods multiple times each day to his or her dog. This leads to repeated exposure of the barbiturate to the dog.
- 13. Defendant wrongfully advertised and sold the Contaminated Dog Foods without any label or warning indicating to consumers that these products contained any level of Pentobarbital or that Defendant utilized animals that have been euthanized as a protein or meat by-product source.
- 14. Instead, the advertising and labels intentionally omit any reference to the food being adulterated:



Gravy Train® Chunks In Gravy With Beef Chunks wet dog food is bursting with the hearty flavor of real beef. And all the meatly goodness is covered in a rich savory gravy to make a hearty meal your doa will love.

https://www.care2.com/causes/fda-says-pet-food-company-cannot-donate-recalled-products-to-shelter.html

Policy.pdf

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Food.

Brands,

- 18. In this same document, Defendant claims that it has a "rigorous supplier approval process" and only purchases ingredients from "reputable suppliers." And Defendant goes further to declare, that once a supplier is approved, "a comprehensive testing program is in place to assess the safety and quality of the ingredients upon receipt. This includes a combination of laboratory analysis and physical inspection of the ingredients."<sup>13</sup>
- 19. Finally, Defendant highlights the strict oversight it supposedly applies across all its brands, include Gravy Train, to ensure high quality products "from start to finish, inside and out:"<sup>14</sup>

We apply the same expectations of quality that we hold for ourselves to our suppliers. Our supplier management program includes an extensive evaluation of manufacturing locations and a comprehensive testing program that is used to assess the safety and quality of ingredients upon receipt. This program includes a combination of laboratory analysis and physical inspection.

Through rigorous commitment to the quality of our products—from start to finish, inside and out—Big Heart Pet Brands is able to nurture the bond between pets and the people who love them.

20. Defendant's advertising campaign is deceptive by using these descriptions, promises, and representations because there was no label or warning indicating to consumers that these products contained any level of Pentobarbital or that Defendant utilized animals that have been euthanized as a protein or meat by-product source. Defendant's statements, partial disclosures, and omissions are false, misleading, and crafted to deceive the public as they create an image that the Contaminated Dog Foods are healthy, safe, have only pure ingredients and is manufactured under rigorous standards.

<sup>13</sup> *Id*.

<sup>14</sup>Big Heart Pet Brands, "Corporate Responsibility Summary 2014," http://www.bigheartpet.com/assets/CorporateResponsibilitySummaryBrochure2014.pdf

- 21. Moreover, a reasonable consumer, such as Plaintiff and other members of the Class (as defined herein), would have no reason to expect and anticipate that the Contaminated Dog Foods are made up of anything other than pure ingredients from reputable suppliers and that quality is the top priority as promised by Defendant. Non-disclosure and concealment of any level of Pentobarbital or utilization of animals that have been euthanized as a protein or meat by-product source in the Contaminated Dog Foods coupled with the partial disclosures and/or misrepresentations that the food is pure, quality, healthy and safe by Defendant is intended to and does, in fact, cause consumers to purchase a product Plaintiff and Class members would not have bought if the true quality and ingredients were disclosed, including that the fact the Contaminated Dog Foods are adulterated. As a result of these false statements, omissions, and concealment, Defendant has generated substantial sales of the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 22. Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of all other similarly situated consumers within the United States who purchased the Contaminated Dog Foods, in order to cause the disclosure of the inclusion of Pentobarbital and/or the utilization of euthanized animals as a protein or meat by-product source in the Contaminated Dog Foods, to correct the false and misleading perception Defendant has created in the minds of consumers that the Contaminated Dog Foods are high quality, safe, and healthy and to obtain redress for those who have purchased the Contaminated Dog Foods.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 23. This Court has original jurisdiction over all causes of action asserted herein under the Class Action Fairness Act, 28 U.S.C. §1332(d)(2), because the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$5,000,000 exclusive of interest and costs and more than two-thirds of the Class reside in states other than the states in which Defendant is a citizen and in which this case is filed, and therefore any exemptions to jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §1332(d) do not apply.
- 24. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391, because Plaintiff suffered injury as a result of Defendant's acts in this district, many of the acts and

transactions giving rise to this action occurred in this district, Defendant conducts substantial business in this district, Defendant has intentionally availed themselves of the laws and markets of this district, and Defendant is subject to personal jurisdiction in this district.

### INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

25. A substantial portion of the transactions and wrongdoings which gave rise to the claims in this action occurred in the County of Marin, and as such, this action is properly assigned to the San Francisco division of this Court.

### THE PARTIES

- 26. Plaintiff Maclain Mullins ("Mullins") is, and at all times relevant hereto has been, a citizen of the state of Kentucky. Plaintiff Mullins purchased certain lines of the Contaminated Dog Foods (including Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy and Chunks in Gravy with Beef Chunks) and fed it to his Boxer named Cawood. Plaintiff Mullins started purchasing the Contaminated Dog Foods in or around January 2009 approximately ten to twenty times a year and continued to purchase until approximately January 2015. Plaintiff Mullins also fed Cawood Gravy Train dry food. Plaintiff primarily purchased the Contaminated Dog Foods from Heartland Kroger in Lexington, Kentucky. During that time, based on the false and misleading claims, warranties, representations, advertisements and other marketing by Defendant, Plaintiff was unaware that the Contaminated Dog Foods contained any level of Pentobarbital, a substance largely used to euthanize animals.
- 27. As the result of Defendant's deceptive and negligent conduct as alleged herein, Plaintiff was injured when he purchased the Contaminated Dog Foods that did not deliver what it promised and did business with a Company he would not have if he knew that the Contaminated Dog Foods contained any level of Pentobarbital or that Defendant utilized animals that have been euthanized as a protein source. He purchased the adulterated Contaminated Dog Foods on the assumption that the labeling of the Contaminated Dog Foods was accurate and that it was unadulterated, pure, high quality, healthy and safe for dogs to ingest and did not include euthanized animals as a protein

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source. Further, should Plaintiff encounter the Contaminated Dog Foods in the future, he				
could not rely on the truthfulness of the packaging, absent corrective changes to the				
packaging and advertising of the Contaminated Dog Foods.				

- 28. Defendant Big Heart Pet Brands, Inc, is a subsidiary of J.M. Smucker Company and its headquarters are located at One Maritime Plaza, San Francisco, California. Defendant that manufactures, formulates, produces, distributes, labels, markets, advertises, and sells the Contaminated Dog Foods under the Gravy Train dog food brand name throughout the United States. The advertising for the Contaminated Dog Foods, relied upon by Plaintiff, was prepared and/or approved by Defendant and their agents, and was disseminated by Defendant and its agents through advertising and labeling that contained the misrepresentations and omissions alleged herein. The advertising and labeling for the Contaminated Dog Foods was designed to encourage consumers to purchase the Contaminated Dog Foods and reasonably misled the reasonable consumer, i.e., Plaintiff and the Class, into purchasing the Contaminated Dog Foods. Defendant owns, manufactures, and distributes the Contaminated Dog Foods, and created and/or authorized the unlawful, fraudulent, unfair, misleading, and/or deceptive labeling and advertising for the Contaminated Dog Foods.
  - 29. The Contaminated Dog Foods, at a minimum, include:
    - Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy with Beef Chunks: (a)



(b) Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy with T-Bone Flavor Chunks:



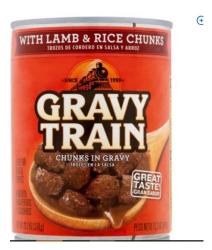
(c) Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy with Chicken Chunks:



(d) Gravy Train Strips in Gravy Beef Strips:



(e) Gravy Train Chunks in Gravy with Lamb and Rice Chunks:



# **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

### The Contaminated Dog Foods Are Adulterated

- 30. An independent seven month investigation determined that the Contaminated Dog Foods contained pentobarbital. The independent investigation utilized two different labs and both showed that the Contaminated Dog Foods tested positive for pentobarbital. In fact, it was the only brand that tested positive for pentobarbital.<sup>15</sup>
- 31. The report further stated that pentobarbital is not used on farm animals so if it is not from euthanized dogs, cats or horses, where is the pentobarbital coming from. Defendant has not responded to the specific questions raised and instead stated: "We launched and are conducting a thorough investigation, including working closely with our suppliers, to determine the accuracy of these results and the methodology used." <sup>16</sup>
  - 32. The FDA has not responded to the findings as disclosed by WJLA.

 $<sup>^{15}\</sup>mbox{http://wjla.com/features/7-on-your-side/fda-to-investigate-after-abc7-exposes-euthanasia-drug-in-dog-food}$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> *Id*.

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## Defendant Falsely Advertises the Contaminated Dog Foods as Pure, Quality, Healthy While Omitting Any That it is Adulterated with Pentobarbital

- 33. Defendant formulates, develops, manufactures, labels, distributes, markets, advertises, and sells its extensive Gravy Train lines of dry and wet pet food products in California and across the United States. Indeed, Defendant maintains it keeps rigorous quality and supplier standards from "start to finish" and performs three-tier auditing that includes, third party auditors, to ensure pure ingredients and fair labor are used in its Products, including Contaminated Dog Foods. As such, Defendant knew that the Contaminated Dog Foods were adulterated pet food.<sup>17</sup>
- 34. Defendant chose to advertise, label, and market its Contaminated Dog Foods with no disclosure that it was adulterated pet food, contained any level of Pentobarbital, and instead advertised, labeled, and marketed its Products, including the Contaminated Dog Foods, as pure, high quality, healthy and safe for dogs to ingest and failed to mention that the Contaminated Dog Foods contain pentobarbital. The Contaminated Dog Foods are available at numerous retail and online outlets.
- In fact, Defendant made affirmative misleading representations that its 35. Products, including the Contaminated Dog Foods, were not adulterated or would contain any controlled substance, including Pentobarbital. Specifically, Defendant promises to its consumers that all produces meets USDA, AAFCO and FDA standards. <sup>18</sup>
- 36. This is untrue as the Contaminated Dog Foods are adulterated which is not proper under state and federal laws and regulations. Specifically, under the FDCA, a food is adulterated if it "bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health." 21 U.S.C. §342. Under California law, pet food is considered adulterated if "it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance that may render it injurious to health..." or "if damage or inferiority has been concealed in any manner."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> http://www.bigheartpet.com/assets/CR-Policy.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> http://www.bigheartpet.com/assets/CR-Policy.pdf

Cal. Health & Safety Code §113090(a), (h). California's statute also provides that pet food ingredients "of animal or poultry origin shall be only from animals or poultry slaughtered or processed in an approved or licensed establishment... Animal or poultry classified as 'deads' are prohibited." Cal. Health & Safety Code §113035.

- 37. The Contaminated Dog Foods are widely advertised.
- 38. The Defendant's webpage and adopted corporate policies repeatedly make the misleading statements about the Contaminated Dog Foods described above, without any mention of Pentobarbital, a substance largely used to euthanize animals or that Defendant utilized animals that have been euthanized as a protein or meat by-product source.
- 39. As a result of Defendant's omissions and misrepresentations, a reasonable consumer would have no reason to suspect the presence of Pentobarbital without conducting his or her own scientific tests, or reviewing third-party scientific testing of these products.

### <u>DEFENDANT'S STATEMENTS AND</u> OMISSIONS VIOLATE CALIFORNIA LAWS

- 40. California law is designed to ensure that a company's claims about its products are truthful and accurate. Defendant violated California law by incorrectly claiming that the Contaminated Dog Foods are pure, healthy, quality, and safe and offers 100 percent complete and balanced nutrition with the purest ingredients while meeting all relevant federal regulations when in fact it is adulterated food that contains a controlled substance that is not healthy, quality or pure and causes the product not to meet the so-called rigorous supplier standards utilized by Defendant. Indeed, Defendant chose to omit that that the Contaminated Dog Foods were adulterated, contained Pentobarbital and/or that Defendant utilized animals that have been euthanized as a protein source in the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 41. Defendant's marketing and advertising campaign has been sufficiently lengthy in duration, and widespread in dissemination.

42. Defendant has engaged in this long-term advertising campaign to convince potential customers that the Contaminated Dog Foods are pure, quality, healthy, and safe for consumption and offers 100 percent complete and balanced nutrition with the purest ingredients.

# PLAINTIFF'S RELIANCE WAS REASONABLE AND FORESEEN BY DEFENDANT

- 43. Plaintiff reasonably relied on Defendant's own statements, misrepresentations, omissions and advertising concerning the particular qualities and benefits of the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 44. Plaintiff read and relied upon the labels of the Contaminated Dog Foods in making his purchasing decisions.
- 45. A reasonable consumer would consider the labeling of a product when deciding whether to purchase. Here, Plaintiff relied on the specific statements and misrepresentations by Defendant did not disclose that the Contaminated Dog Foods were adulterated or contained Pentobarbital, a substance largely used to euthanize animals.

# DEFENDANT'S KNOWLEDGE AND NOTICE OF THEIR BREACHES OF ITS EXPRESS AND IMPLIED WARRANTIES

- 46. Defendant had sufficient notice of its breaches of express and implied warranties. Defendant have, and had, exclusive knowledge of the physical and chemical make-up of the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 47. Defendant also had notice of the real risk that pentobarbital may appear in the Contaminated Dog Foods if the manufacturing and sourcing were not properly monitored. Indeed, this is not the first time that the Gravy Train line of food has been determined to include pentobarbital.<sup>19</sup>

 $<sup>^{19}</sup>$  https://www.care2.com/causes/fda-says-pet-food-company-cannot-donate-recalled-products-to-shelter.html  $\,$ 

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### PRIVITY EXISTS WITH PLAINTIFFS AND THE PROPOSED CLASS

- Defendant knew that consumers such as Plaintiff and the proposed Class 48. would be the end purchasers of the Contaminated Dog Foods and the target of its advertising and statements.
- 49. Defendant intended that the advertising, labeling, statements, and representations would be considered by the end purchasers of the Contaminated Dog Foods, including Plaintiff and the proposed Class.
- 50. Defendant directly marketed to Plaintiff and the proposed Class through statements on its website, labeling, advertising, and packaging.
- Plaintiff and the proposed Class are the intended beneficiaries of the 51. expressed and implied warranties.

### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

Plaintiffs bring this action individually and on behalf of the following Class 52. pursuant to Rule 23(a) and 23(b)(2) and (3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure:

> All persons who are citizens of the United States who, from February 1, 2008 to the present, purchased the Contaminated Dog Foods for household or business use, and not for resale (the "Class").

- 53. Excluded from the Class are the Defendant, any parent companies, subsidiaries, and/or affiliates, officers, directors, legal representatives, employees, coconspirators, all governmental entities, and any judge, justice, or judicial officer presiding over this matter.
- 54. This action is brought and may be properly maintained as a class action. There is a well-defined community of interests in this litigation and the members of the Class are easily ascertainable.
- 55. The members in the proposed Class are so numerous that individual joinder of all members is impracticable, and the disposition of the claims of all Class members in a single action will provide substantial benefits to the parties and Court.

- (n) whether Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to actual, statutory, and punitive damages; and
- (o) whether Plaintiff and members of the Class are entitled to declaratory and injunctive relief.
- 57. Defendant engaged in a common course of conduct giving rise to the legal rights sought to be enforced by Plaintiff individually and on behalf of the other members of the Class. Identical statutory violations and business practices and harms are involved. Individual questions, if any, are not prevalent in comparison to the numerous common questions that dominate this action.
- 58. Plaintiff's claims are typical of Class members' claims in that they are based on the same underlying facts, events, and circumstances relating to Defendant's conduct.
- 59. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class, have no interests incompatible with the interests of the Class, and have retained counsel competent and experienced in class action, consumer protection, and false advertising litigation.
- 60. Class treatment is superior to other options for resolution of the controversy because the relief sought for each Class member is small such that, absent representative litigation, it would be infeasible for Class members to redress the wrongs done to them.
- 61. Questions of law and fact common to the Class predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class members.
  - 62. As a result of the foregoing, class treatment is appropriate.

### **COUNT I**

# (Negligent Misrepresentation Against Defendant on Behalf of the Class)

- 63. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation contained above, as though fully set forth herein.
- 64. Plaintiff reasonably placed his trust and reliance in Defendant's representations that the Contaminated Dog Foods are healthy, safe, pure, high quality, and that it was not adulterated with substances such as Pentobarbital.

- 65. Plaintiff reasonably placed his trust and reliance in Defendant to disclose if the Contaminated Dog Foods were adulterated, contained Pentobarbital or utilized euthanized animals as a protein or meat by-product source.
- 66. Because of the relationship between the parties, Defendant owed a duty to use reasonable care to impart correct and reliable disclosures concerning the true nature, quality and ingredients of the Contaminated Dog Foods or, based upon its superior knowledge, having spoken, to say enough to not be misleading.
- 67. Defendant breached its duty to Plaintiff and the Class by providing false, misleading, partial disclosures and/or deceptive information regarding the true nature, quality and ingredients of the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 68. Plaintiff and the Class reasonably and justifiably relied upon the information supplied to them by the Defendant. As a result, Plaintiff and the Class purchased the Contaminated Dog Foods that should not have been sold at all as it was adulterated.
- 69. Defendant failed to use reasonable care in its communications and representations to Plaintiff and Class.
- 70. By virtue of Defendant's negligent misrepresentations, Plaintiff and the Class have been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial or alternatively, seek rescission and disgorgement under this Count.

### **COUNT II**

# (Violations of California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act, California Civil Code §§1750, *Et Seq.*, Against Defendant on Behalf of the Class)

- 71. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation contained above, as though fully set forth herein.
- 72. Plaintiff and each proposed Class member is a "consumer," as that term is defined in California Civil Code section 1761(d).
- 73. The Contaminated Dog Foods are "goods," as that term is defined in California Civil Code section 1761(a).

- 74. Defendant is a "person" as that term is defined in California Civil Code section 1761(c).
- 75. Plaintiff and each proposed Class member's purchase of Defendant's products constituted a "transaction," as that term is defined in California Civil Code section 1761(e).
- 76. Defendant's conduct alleged herein violates the following provisions of California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act (the "CLRA"):
- 77. California Civil Code section 1770(a)(5), by representing that the Contaminated Dog Foods are pure, quality, healthy and safe for consumption and by failing to make any mention that the Contaminated Dog Foods were in fact adulterated by containing the controlled substance of Pentobarbital
- 78. California Civil Code section 1770(a)(7), by representing that the Contaminated Dog Foods were of a particular standard, quality, or grade, when they were in fact adulterated and not fit for consumption;
- (a) California Civil Code section 1770(a)(9), by advertising the Contaminated Dog Foods with intent not to sell them as advertised; and
- (b) California Civil Code section 1770(a)(16), by representing that the Contaminated Dog Foods have been supplied in accordance with previous representations when they have not.
- 79. As a direct and proximate result of these violations, Plaintiff and the Class have been harmed, and that harm will continue unless Defendant is enjoined from using the misleading marketing described herein in any manner in connection with the advertising and sale of the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 80. Plaintiff seeks an award of attorney's fees pursuant to, inter alia, California Civil Code section 1780(e) and California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5.

#### **COUNT III**

(Violations of California False Advertising Law, California Business & Professions Code §§17500, Et Seq., Against Defendant on Behalf of the Class)

- 81. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation contained above, as though fully set forth herein.
- 82. California's False Advertising Law prohibits any statement in connection with the sale of goods "which is untrue or misleading." Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §17500.
- 83. As set forth herein, Defendant's claims that the Contaminated Dog Foods are healthy and safe for consumption are literally false and likely to deceive the public.
- 84. Defendant's claims that the Contaminated Dog Foods are pure, quality, healthy and safe for consumption are untrue or misleading because these claims fail to disclose that the Contaminated Dog Foods were in fact adulterated by containing the controlled substance of Pentobarbital.
- 85. Defendant's claim that the Contaminated Dog Foods are 100 percent complete and balanced nutrition are untrue or misleading because it fails to disclose that the Contaminated Dog Foods were in fact adulterated by containing the controlled substance of Pentobarbital.
- 86. Defendant knew, or reasonably should have known, that the claims were untrue or misleading.
- 87. Defendant's conduct is ongoing and continuing, such that prospective injunctive relief is necessary, especially given Plaintiff's desire to purchase these products in the future if they can be assured that, so long as the Contaminated Dog Foods are, as properly unadulterated pet food and meets the advertising claims.
- 88. Plaintiff and members of the Class are entitled to injunctive and equitable relief, and restitution in the amount they spent on the Contaminated Dog Foods.

#### **COUNT IV**

# (Violations of the Unfair Competition Law, California Business & Professions Code §§17200, Et Seq., Against Defendant on Behalf of the Class)

- 89. Plaintiffs incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation contained above, as though fully set forth herein.
- 90. The Unfair Competition Law prohibits any "unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice." Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §17200.

#### Fraudulent

91. Defendant's statements that the Contaminated Dog Foods are pure, quality healthy, safe and are 100 percent complete and balance nutrition are literally false and likely to deceive the public, as is Defendant's failing to make any mention that the Contaminated Dog Foods are adulterated and contain Pentobarbital.

### Unlawful

- 92. As alleged herein, Defendant has sold advertised the adulterated Contaminated Dog Foods with false or misleading claims, such that Defendant's actions as alleged herein violate at least the following laws:
- The CLRA, California Business & Professions Code sections 1750, et seq.; and
- The False Advertising Law, California Business & Professions Code sections 17500, et seq.

#### Unfair

- 93. Defendant's conduct with respect to the labeling, advertising, marketing, and sale of the Contaminated Dog Foods is unfair because Defendant's conduct was immoral, unethical, unscrupulous, or substantially injurious to consumers and the utility of its conduct, if any, does not outweigh the gravity of the harm to its victims.
- 94. Defendant's conduct with respect to the labeling, advertising, marketing, and sale of the Contaminated Dog Foods is also unfair because it violates public policy as

declared by specific constitutional, statutory, or regulatory provisions, including, but not limited to, the False Advertising Law and the CLRA.

- 95. Defendant's conduct with respect to the labeling, advertising, marketing, and sale of the Contaminated Dog Foods is also unfair because the consumer injury is substantial, not outweighed by benefits to consumers or competition, and not one consumers, themselves, can reasonably avoid.
- 96. In accordance with California Business & Professions Code section 17203, Plaintiff seeks an order enjoining Defendant from continuing to conduct business through fraudulent or unlawful acts and practices and to commence a corrective advertising campaign. Defendant's conduct is ongoing and continuing, such that prospective injunctive relief is necessary.
- 97. On behalf of himself and the Class, Plaintiff also seeks an order for the restitution of all monies from the sale the Contaminated Dog Foods, which were unjustly acquired through acts of fraudulent, unfair, or unlawful competition.

### **COUNT V**

# (Breach of Express Warranty, California Commercial Code §2313, Against Defendant on Behalf of the Class)

- 98. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation contained above, as though fully set forth herein.
- 99. As set forth herein, Defendant made express representations to Plaintiff and the Class that the Contaminated Dog Foods are pure, quality, healthy and safe for consumption and are 100 percent complete and balanced nutrition.
- 100. Defendant also made express representations to Plaintiff and the Class that the Contaminated Dog Foods meet all applicable regulations, including that they are not adulterated dog food by allowing their sale in various stores throughout the United States.
- 101. These promises became part of the basis of the bargain between the parties and thus constituted express warranties.
  - 102. There was a sale of goods from Defendant to Plaintiff and the Class members.

- 103. On the basis of these express warranties, Defendant sold to Plaintiff and the Class the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 104. Defendant knowingly breached the express warranties by selling the Contaminated Dog Foods which are adulterated and contain Pentobarbital.
- 105. Defendant was on notice of this breach as it was aware of Pentobarbital and/or the use of euthanized animals as a protein or meat by-product source in the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 106. Privity exists because Defendant expressly warranted to Plaintiff and the Class that the Contaminated Dog Foods were pure, quality, healthy and safe for consumption and are 100 percent complete and balanced nutrition and also that it is unadulterated.
- 107. Plaintiff and the Class reasonably relied on the express warranties by Defendant.
- 108. As a result of Defendant's breaches of their express warranties, Plaintiff and the Class sustained damages as they paid money for the Contaminated Dog Foods that were not what Defendant represented and in fact not properly sold under applicable regulations and law
- 109. Plaintiff on behalf of himself and the Class, seeks actual damages for Defendant's breach of warranty.

#### COUNT VI

# (Breach of Implied Warranty, California Commercial Code §2314, Against Defendant on Behalf of the Class)

- 110. Plaintiff incorporates by reference and realleges each and every allegation contained above, as though fully set forth herein.
- 111. As set forth herein, the Contaminated Dog Foods are not fit for the ordinary purposes as they were adulterated or similarly contaminated under California Health & Safety Code §§ 113075 and 113090 (prohibiting "manufacture" of pet food that is

- 112. Defendant is a merchant engaging in the sale of goods to Plaintiff and the Class.
  - 113. There was a sale of goods from Defendant to Plaintiff and the Class members.
- 114. Defendant breached the implied warranties by selling the Contaminated Dog Foods were not fit for their ordinary purpose as adulterated dog food that contains Pentobarbital.
- 115. Defendant was on notice of this breach as it was aware of the presence of Pentobarbital and/or the use of euthanized animals as a protein or meat by-product source in the Contaminated Dog Foods.
- 116. Privity exists because Defendant impliedly warranted to Plaintiff and the Class that the Contaminated Dog Foods unadulterated and fit for their ordinary purpose
- 117. As a result of Defendant's breach of their implied warranties of merchantability, Plaintiff and the Class sustained damages as they paid money for the Contaminated Dog Foods that were not what Defendant represented.
- 118. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and the Class, seeks actual damages for Defendant's breach of warranty.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, pray for judgment against the Defendant as to each and every count, including:

- A. An order declaring this action to be a proper class action, appointing Plaintiffs and their counsel to represent the Class, and requiring Defendant to bear the costs of class notice;
- B. An order enjoining Defendant from selling the Contaminated Dog Foods until Pentobarbital is removed;

- C. An order enjoining Defendant from selling the Contaminated Dog Foods in any manner suggesting or implying that they are healthy, pure, quality and safe for consumption;
- D. An order requiring Defendant to engage in a corrective advertising campaign and engage in any further necessary affirmative injunctive relief, such as recalling existing products;
- E. An order awarding declaratory relief, and any further retrospective or prospective injunctive relief permitted by law or equity, including enjoining Defendant from continuing the unlawful practices alleged herein, and injunctive relief to remedy Defendant's past conduct;
- F. An order requiring Defendant to pay restitution to restore all funds acquired by means of any act or practice declared by this Court to be an unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice, untrue or misleading advertising, or a violation of the Unfair Competition Law, False Advertising Law, or CLRA, plus pre- and post-judgment interest thereon;
- G. An order requiring Defendant to disgorge or return all monies, revenues, and profits obtained by means of any wrongful or unlawful act or practice;
- H. An order requiring Defendant to pay all actual and statutory damages permitted under the counts alleged herein;
- An order requiring Defendant to pay punitive damages on any count so I. allowable;
- J. An order awarding attorneys' fees and costs to Plaintiff, the Class, and the Class; and
- K. An order providing for all other such equitable relief as may be just and proper.

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2	JURY DEN	JURY DEMAND		
3	Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.			
4	Dated: February 9, 2018  LOCK ROBE REBE	RIDGE GRINDAL NAUEN P.L.L.P. RT K. SHELQUIST CCA A. PETERSON (241858)		
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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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